Kelsall Connected Curriculum

'A Love for Learning'

Kelsall Primary & Nursery School

Design And Technology Overview







Intent

Design and Technology at Kelsall is about giving pupils the skills and opportunities to research, plan, create safely and evaluate processes and products. By linking Design and Technology projects to the texts studied in English and the topics contexts from the Connected Curriculum, pupils learn about the wider world in a context, giving the projects and skills meaningful links to real life.

Our curriculum intent for DT is for children to learn the knowledge and skills required to solve real world problems in varied and exciting contexts, drawing on their own and others' wants and needs to achieve this. We aspire pupils to draw on close cross curricular links with subjects such as mathematics, science, computing and art through their study of design and technology; becoming increasingly resourceful, innovative, enterprising and capable creators. Pupils will use analytical skills to draw conclusions, critiquing past and present products to determine impact upon consumers and the wider world, understanding the benefits design and technology brings to society. Pupils will use skills to enhance and improve their own designs and creations.

Implementation

We structure our DT curriculum by using the National Curriculum, as well as Projects on a Page. This allows all our children, in every year group, to have a full and in depth understanding of the designing, making, evaluating and cooking strands. In each year group, all children have the opportunity to complete a range of products that will focus on construction, textiles and cookery. Throughout KS2, pupils will develop their understanding of computer-aided design and use this to inform their designs.

Key Elements

The Skills in D&T are focussed on the key areas:

- Developing planning and communicating ideas:
- Working with tools, equipment, materials and components make quality products (inc food)
- Evaluating processes and products
- Vocabulary

The projects in D&T cover 4 main types:

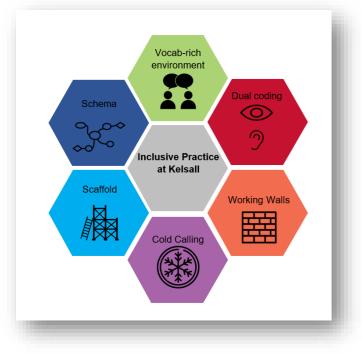
- Construction
- Mechanisms
- Textiles
- Cooking and Nutrition

<u>Impact</u>

At Kelsall, we believe that the impact of cross curricular teaching and linking it to our class text encourages children to make familiar links. Kelsall prides itself on high expectations and quality evidenced work presented in books. Children will begin to make relevant links from geography to other curriculum subjects, such as history and science. They will improve their enquiry skills and curiosity about the world around them, and their impact on the world and the human and physical processes.

Inclusive Practice

When we are getting things right for our learners with SEND, we are getting it right for all learners. Inclusive Practice means we use approaches that are effective for learners with SEND. This will provide all learners with opportunities to learn in small steps and carefully build upon their prior knowledge. This is done through a range of approaches including:



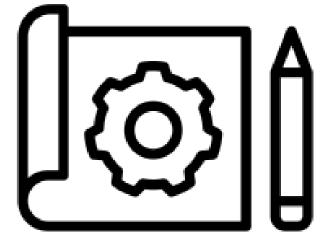
-creating a language rich environment which is vital to closing the gap between learners with SEND and their peers and enabling future attainment.

-demonstrating what we want learners to do and show them what we mean.

-using physical resources to help abstract concepts become more accessible and meaningful and recognise the value of Dual Coding.

-reducing Cognitive Load and activate children's prior knowledge/schema through a connected curriculum that builds of prior learning, knowledge and skills and provides regular opportunities for learners to practise recalling what they have learnt, to help them easily access this information when it is needed.

'With reference to 'Embedding Inclusive Practice', NASEN



Designing	Key Stage 1	Key Stage 2			
Understanding contexts, Across KS1 pupils should:		Across KS2 pupils should:			
Generating, developing, modelling and communicating ideas	Across KS1 pupils should: • generate ideas by drawing on their own experiences • use knowledge of existing products to help come up with ideas • develop and communicate ideas by taking and drawing • model ideas by exploring materials, components and construction kits and by making templates and mock- up8 • use information and communication technology, where appropriate, to develop and communicate their ideas	Across KS2 pupils should: • share and clarify ideas through discussion • model their ideas using prototypes and pattern pieces • use annotated sketches, cross-sectional drawings and exploded diagrams to develop and communicate their ideas • use computer-aided design to develop and communicate their ideas In early KS2 pupils should also: • generate resistic ideas, focusing on the needs of the user • make design decisions that take account of the availability of resources In late KS2 pupils should also: • generate innovative ideas, drawing on research • make design decisions, taking account of constraints such as time, resources and cost			
Making	Key Stage 1	Key Stage 2			
Planning	Across KS1 pupils should: • plan by suggesting what to do next • select from a range of tools	Across KS2 pupils should: • select tools and equipment suitable for the task • explain their choice of tools and equipment in reliator to the skills and techniques they will be using • select materials and components suitable for the task • explain their choice of materials and components according to functional properties and aesthetic qualities In early KS2 pupils should also: • order the main stages of making In late KS2 pupils should also: • produce appropriate lists of tools, equipment and materials that they need • formulate step-by-step plans as a guide to making			
Practical skills and techniques	Across KS1 pupils should: • follow procedures for safety and hygiene • use a range of materials and components, including construction materials and kits, textiles, food ingredients and mechanical components • measure, mark out, out and shape materials and components • assemble, join and combine materials and components • use finishing techniques, including those from art and design	Across KS2 pupils should: • follow procedures for safety and hygene • use a wider range of materials and components then KS1, including construction materials and kits, textiles, food ingredients, mechanical components and electrical components In early KS2 pupils should also: • assemble, join and combine materials and components with some accuracy • assemble, join and combine materials and components with some accuracy • apply a range of finishing techniques, including those from art and design, with some accuracy In late KS2 pupils should also: • accurately measure, mark out, cut and shape materials and components • accurately measure, mark out, cut and shape materials and components • accurately assemble, join and combine materials and components • accurately apply a range of finishing techniques, including those from art and design • use techniques that whole a number of asps • demonstrate resourcefulness when tackling practical problems			

EYFS Links

Expressive Arts and Design

- Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them
- Create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources and skills

Physical Development

• Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently

Creating with Materials

- Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques
- Share their creations, explaining the process they have used; make use of props and materials • when role playing characters in narratives and stories

Fine Motor Skills

• Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery

By the time they leave, pupils will:

- Understand the impact of design and technology on daily life and the wider world (past and present)
- for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups
- Use a range of techniques and equipment confidently, making informed choices based on the suitability and effectiveness of different processes
- Test, evaluate and refine ideas and products against a specification \pm Use and combine a variety of • approaches to generate creative ideas
- Look closely and methodically when analysing a product, considering why it was made, what it is ٠ made from, how well it is made and finished, and how well it meets the needs of the consumer
- Understand the principles of a healthy and varied diet ± Know how to create simple dishes, applying the principles of nutrition and healthy eating

Use research and develop design criteria to inform the designing and making of products that are fit

Kelsall Primary & Nursery School Curriculum Road Map –Design and Technology Endpoints

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Beator	LOOK UP UP Conc Conc Conc Conc Conc Conc Conc Conc	WINTERS J	CANTHONY BROWSE GORILLA CORILLA CORILLA CORILLA CORILLA CORILLA	CHERSTAN ALLSALED	cati we save the tigen
Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and evaluation of the products e.g. Who/what is the product for? What will make our product unique/different? How will we know that we designed and made a successful product? Freestanding Structures Possible ideas Build a cage for nibbles,	Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and evaluation of the products e.g. Who/what is the product for? What will make our product unique/different? How will we know that we designed and made a successful product? Preparing Vegetables Possible ideas Bird Fruit Salad, Fruit kebab, Space Fruit Juice	Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and evaluation of the products e.g. Who/what is the product for? What will make our product unique/different? How will we know that we designed and made a successful product? Shell Structures Possible ideas Snow scene in a box - cutting, shaping, joining, finishing Healthy and Varied Diet Possible ideas Make a healthy snack for a child	Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and evaluation of the products e.g. Who/what is the product for? What will make our product unique/different? How will we know that we designed and made a successful product? Shell structures using computer-aided design (CAD) Possible ideas Design a circus tent/toy Healthy and Varied Diet Possible ideas Make a healthy meal for Hannah and the Gorilla	Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and evaluation of the products e.g. Who/what is the product for? What will make our product unique/different? How will we know that we designed and made a successful product? Frame Structures Possible Ideas playground shelter market stall bus shelter tent play house Celebrating Culture and Seasonality Possible ideas Make a celebratory food eaten during Eid al-Fitr	Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and evaluation of the products e.g. Who/what is the product for? What will make our product unique/different? How will we know that we designed and made a successful product? Combining Different Fabric Shapes Possible Ideas tablet case mobile phone carrier shopping bag insulating bag hat/cap garden tool belt slippers sandals fabric advent calendar fabric door stop
LUTON INSIDE Editor	Major Glad, Major Dizzy	WHALE WHALE HARE	ESCAPE FROM POMPEII	Darkest Dark	THE SELFISH GIANT
Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and evaluation of the products e.g. Who/what is the product for? What will make our product unique/different? How will we know that we designed and made a successful product? Templates and joining techniques Possible ideas Make a rainmaker or African mask	Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and evaluation of the products e.g. Who/what is the product for? What will make our product unique/different? How will we know that we designed and made a successful product? Possible ideas Dragon puppet, Major Dizzy puppet	Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and evaluation of the products e.g. Who/what is the product for? What will make our product unique/different? How will we know that we designed and made a successful product? 2-D shape to 3-D product Possible ideas Sew a felt whale	Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and evaluation of the products e.g. Who/what is the product for? What will make our product unique/different? How will we know that we designed and made a successful product? 2-D shape to 3D product Possible ideas Sew an ancient Greek money bag	Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and evaluation of the products e.g. Who/what is the product for? What will make our product unique/different? How will we know that we designed and made a successful product? Pulleys and Gears Possible Ideas fairground ride with gears or pulleys e.g. carousel, Ferris wheel controllable toy vehicle with gears or pulleys e.g. Moon buggy	Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and evaluation of the products e.g. Who/what is the product for? What will make our product unique/different? How will we know that we designed and made a successful product? Pulleys and Gears Possible Ideas fairground ride with gears or pulleys e.g. carousel, Ferris wheel controllable toy vehicle with gears or pulleys e.g. Moon buggy
Galliock JUST HORE BERES	The The Control Security Secur	Zeraffa Graffa Trian Trian	BLUE OTHN BERLE DOKETY Berle Dokety	FUEL C. AACHTY HUNDER	MANFISH
Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and evaluation of the products e.g. Who/what is	Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and	Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and	Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and evaluation of the	Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and	Children can discuss the possible products that they might want to design, make and evaluate and who the products will be for. They can agree on design criteria that can be used to guide the development and evaluation of the

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	Progression of Skills							
	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Developing planning and communica ting ideas: Working with tools, equipment, materials and component	Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively sharingideas, resources and skills.	 Draw on their own experience to help generate ideas. Suggest ideas and explainwhat they are going to do. Identify a target groupfor what they intend todesign and make. Model their ideas in cardand paper. Develop their design ideas applying findings from their earlier research 	 Generate their own ideasby drawing on their own and other people's experiences. Develop their design ideas through discussion, observation, drawing andmodelling. Identify a purpose forwhat they intend to design and make. Identify simple designcriteria. Make simple drawingsand label part 	 Generate ideas for an item considering its purpose and the user/s. Identify a purpose andestablish criteria for a successful product. Plan the order of theirwork before starting. Explore, develop and communicate design proposals by modellingideas. Make drawings with labels when designing 	 Generate ideas, considering the purposesfor which they are designing. Make labelled drawings from different views showing specific features. Develop a clear idea of what has to be done, planning how to use materials, equipment and processes, and suggesting alternative methods of making, if thefirst attempts fail. Evaluate products and identify criteria that canbe used for their own designs. 	 Generate ideas through brainstorming and identify a purpose for their product. Draw up a specification for their design. Develop a clear idea of what has to be done, planning how to use materials, equipment and processes, and suggesting alternative methods of making if thefirst attempts fail. Use results of investigations, information sources, including ICT when developing design ideas. 	 Communicate their ideas through detailed labelled drawings. Develop a design specification. Explore, develop and communicate aspects of their design proposals by modelling their ideas in avariety of ways. Plan the order of theirwork, choosing appropriate materials, tools and techniques. 	
component sto make quality products (inc food)	Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Make use of props and materials when role playingcharacters in narratives andstories.	 Make their design usingappropriate techniques. With help measure, markout, cut and shape a range of materials. Use tools eg scissors anda hole punch safely. Assemble, join and combine materials and components together using a variety of temporary methods e.g.glues or masking tape Use simple finishing techniques to improve the appearance of their product. 	 Begin to select tools and materials; use vocab' to name and describe them. Measure, cut and scorewith some accuracy. Use hand tools safely andappropriately. Assemble, join and combine materials in order to make a product. Follow safe proceduresfor food safety and hygiene. Choose and use appropriate finishing techniques 	 Select tools and techniques for makingtheir product. Measure, mark out, cut, score and assemble components with more accuracy. Work safely and accurately with a rangeof simple tools. Think about their ideas asthey make progress and be willing change things if this helps them improvetheir work. Demonstrate hygienicfood preparation and storage. Use finishing techniques strengthen and improvethe appearance of their product. 	 Select appropriate toolsand techniques for making their product. Measure, mark out, cutand shape a range of materials, using appropriate tools, equipment and techniques. Join and combine materials and components accurately in temporary and permanent ways. Sew using a range of different stitches, weaveand knit Measure, tape or pin, cut and join fabric with someaccuracy. Use simple graphical communication techniques. 	 Select appropriate materials, tools andtechniques. Measure and mark outaccurately. Use skills in using different tools and equipment safely andaccurately. Weigh and measure accurately (time, dryingredients, liquids). Apply the rules for basicfood hygiene and other safe practices e.g. hazards relating to the use of ovens. Cut and join with accuracy to ensure a good-quality finish to theproduct. 	 Select appropriate tools, materials, components and techniques. Assemble componentsmake working models. Use tools safely andaccurately. Construct products usingpermanent joining techniques. Make modifications as they go along. Pin, sew and stitch materials together createa product. Achieve a quality product 	

Evaluating processes and products Evaluating processes and products	Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools andtechniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function; Share their creations, explaining the process theyhave used;	 Evaluate their product bydiscussing how well it works in relation to the purpose. Evaluate their products asthey are developed, identifying strengths and possible changes they might make. Evaluate their product byasking questions about what they have made and how they have gone about it 	 their crite Evalue For the second seco	uate against rdesign ria. uate their lucts asthey are loped, tifying strengths possible changes might make. about their s, saying what like anddislike at them.	 Evaluate their product against original design criteria e.g. how well itmeets its intended purpose. Disassemble and evaluatefamiliar products 	both duri the end assignme • Evaluate products	ıt. heir	 Evaluate a product against the original design specification. Evaluate it personally andseek evaluation from others. 	 Evaluate their products identifying strengths andareas for development, and carrying out appropriate tests. Record their evaluationsusing drawings with labels. Evaluate against their original criteria and suggest ways that theirproduct could be improved 	
Vocabulary	Apron, beads, Sellotape, build, chop, buttons, gluestick, make, cut, fabric, masking tape, equipment,felt, paper, clip, fork, scissors, plasticine, knife, sew, ruler, mix, straws, spoons			communicate,, te joining,finishing,	nal. Design, criteria, generate, develop, model, nicate,, technology, equipment, cutting, shaping, finishing, components, textiles, ingredients, structures, r,stiffer, stable, mechanism isro con			Functional. design, criteria, generate, develop, model, communicate,, technology, equipment, cutting, shaping, joining, finishing, components, textiles, ingredients, structures, stronger, stiffer, stable, mechanism, iterative, context, discussion, cross section, annotate, exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces, computer-aided design, aesthetic, construction materials, investigate, analyse, reinforce, monitor, control, seasonality, nutrition,		